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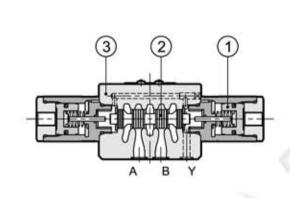


# DSA\* DIRECTIONAL CONTROL VALVE, PNEUMATICALLY OPERATED

SUBPLATE MOUNTING DSA3 ISO 4401-03 DSA5 ISO 4401-05

p max (see performances table)Q nom (see performances table)

#### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**



- The DSA\* are pneumatically operated (1) directional control valves, available with 3 or 4 ways with several interchangeable spools (2) and with mounting interface according to ISO 4401 standards.
- The valve body (3) is made with high strength iron castings provided with wide internal passages in order to minimize the flow pressure drop.
- They are available with 2 or 3 positions with return spring, or with 2 positions with mechanical retention.
- The DSA5 has an external drain port that must be connected when there is backpressure higher than 25 bar on the T port.

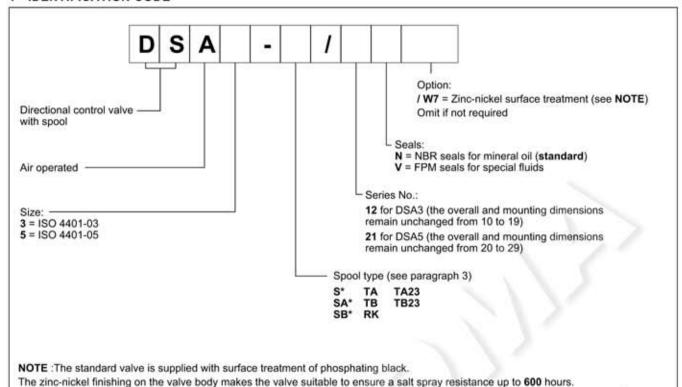
#### PERFORMANCES

(with mineral oil of viscosity 36 cSt at 50°C)

		DSA3	DSA5
Maximum working pressure: - P, A, B ports - T port without Y external drain - T port with Y external drain (available for DSA5 only)	bar	350 25	320 25 320
Piloting pressure: - min - max	bar	4 12	4,5 12
Nominal flow rate	I/min	75	120
Ambient temperature range	°C	-20 / +60	
Fluid temperature range	°C	-20 / +80	
Fluid viscosity range	cSt	10 + 400	
Fluid contamination degree	Acc	ording to ISO 4406:1999 o	lass 20/18/15
Recommended viscosity	cSt 25		5
Mass: single operator valve dual operator valve	kg	1,3 1,7	3,2 4,0

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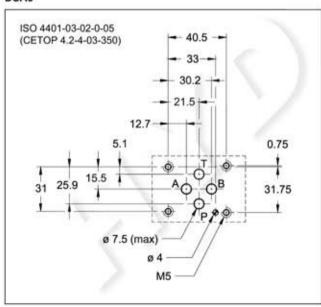
#### 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE



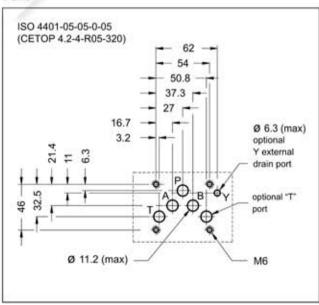
(test operated according to UNI EN ISO 9227 standards and test evaluation operated according to UNI EN ISO 10289 standards).

#### 2 - MOUNTING INTERFACES

#### DSA<sub>3</sub>



#### DSA5



#### 3 - HYDRAULIC FLUIDS

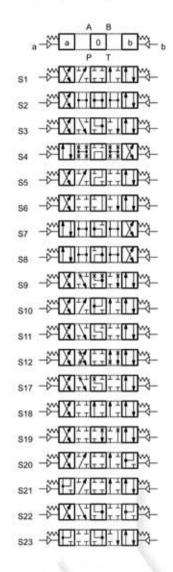
Use mineral oil-based hydraulic fluids HL or HM type, according to ISO 6743-4. For these fluids, use NBR seals (code N). For fluids HFDR type (phosphate esters) use FPM seals (code V). For the use of other fluid types such as HFA, HFB, HFC, please consult our technical department.

Using fluids at temperatures higher than 80 °C causes a faster degradation of the fluid and of the seals characteristics. The fluid must be preserved in its physical and chemical characteristics.

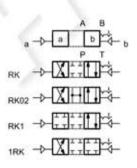
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#### 4 - SPOOLS TYPES

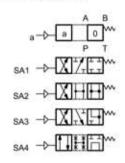
Type S\*: 2 operations - 3 positions with spring centering



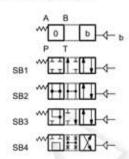
Type RK: 2 operations - 2 positions with mechanical retention



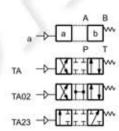
Type **SA\***: 1 operation side A 2 positions (central + external) with spring centering



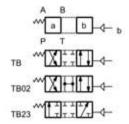
Type SB\*: 1 operation side B 2 positions (central + external) with spring centering



Type TA: 1 operation side A 2 external positions with return spring



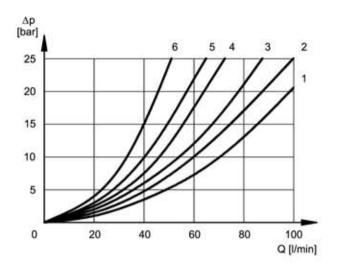
Type **TB**: 1 operation side B 2 external positions with return spring



Besides the diagrams shown, which are the most frequently used, other special versions are available: consult our technical department for their identification and operating limits.

### 5 - PRESSURE DROPS $\Delta$ p-Q (values obtained with viscosity 36 cSt at 50 °C)

#### 5.1 - DSA3



For pressure drops between A and B lines of spools S10, S20, S21, S22 and S23, which are used in the regenerative diagram, refer to curve 5.

#### PRESSURE DROPS WITH VALVE IN ENERGIZED POSITION

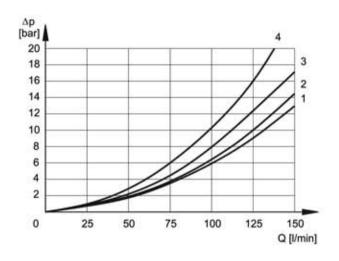
	FLOW DIRECTION			
SPOOL TYPE	P→A	P→B	A→T	B→T
Ī		CURVES (	ON GRAPH	
S1, SA1, SB1	2	2	3	3
S2, SA2, SB2	1	1	3	3
S3, SA3, SB3	3	3	1	1
S4, SA4, SB4	5	5	5	5
S5	2	1	3	3
S6	2	2	3	1
S7, S8	4	5	5	5
S9	2	2	3	3
S10	1	3	1	3
S11	2	2	1	3
S12	2	2	3	3
S17	2	2	3	3
S18	1	2	3	3
S19	2	2	3	3
S20	1	5	2	
S21	5	1		2
S22	1	5	2	
S23	5	1		2
TA, TB	3	3	3	3
TA02, TB02	2	2	2	2
TA23, TB23	3	3		
RK	2	2	2	2
RK02	2	2	2	2
RK1, 1RK	2	2	2	2

#### PRESSURE DROPS WITH VALVE IN DE-ENERGIZED POSITION

	FLOW DIRECTION					
SPOOL TYPE	P→A	P→B	A→T	B→T	P→T	
		CURV	ES ON	GRAPH		
S2, SA2, SB2					2	
S3, SA3, SB3			3	3		
S4, SA4, SB4					5	
S5		4				
S6				3		
S7, S8			6	6	5	
S10	3	3				
S11			3			
S18	4					
S22			3	3		
S23			3	3		

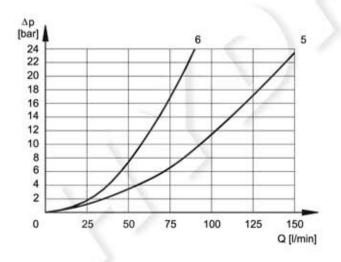
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#### 5.2 - DSA5



#### PRESSURE DROPS WITH VALVE IN ENERGIZED POSITION

	FLOW DIRECTION			
SPOOL TYPE	P→A	P→B	A→T.	B→T
		CURVES (	N GRAPH	
S1, SA1, SB1	2	2	1	1
S2, SA2, SB2	3	3	1	1
S3, SA3, SB3	3	3	2	2
S4, SA4, SB4	1	1	2	2
S5	2	1	1	1
S6, S11	3	3	2	2
S7, S8	1	1	2	2
S9	3	3	2	2
S10	1	1	1	1
S12	2	2	1	1
S17, S19	2	2	1	1
S18	1	2	1	1
S20, S21	7			
S22, S23				
TA, TB	3	3	2	2
TA02, TB02	3	3	2	2
TA23, TB23	4	4		
RK	3	3	2	2
RK02	3	3	2	2
RK1, 1RK	3	3	2	2



#### PRESSURE DROPS WITH VALVE IN DE-ENERGIZED POSITION

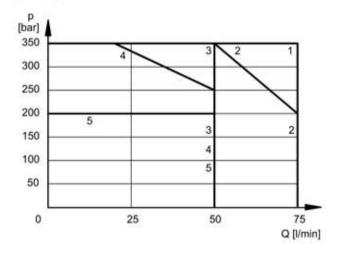
		FLO	W DIRECT	TION	
SPOOL TYPE	P→A	P→B	A→T	B→T	P→T
		CUR	ES ON G	RAPH	
S2, SA2, SB2					5
S3, SA3, SB3			6	6	
S4, SA4, SB4					5
S5		3			
S6				6	
S7	i j				5
S10	3	3			
S11			6		
S18	3				
S22					
S23					

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#### 6 - OPERATING LIMITS

The curves define the flow rate operating fields according to the valve pressure of the different versions. The values have been obtained according to ISO 6403 norm, with mineral oil viscosity 36 cSt at 50 °C and filtration according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13.

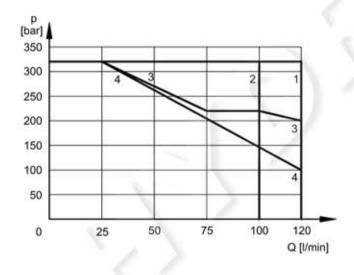
#### 6.1 - DSA3



SPOOL TYPE	CURVE	
	P→A	P→B
S1,SA1,SB1	1	1
S2, SA2, SB2	1	1
S3, SA3, SB3	2	2
S4, SA4, SB4	3	3
S5	1	1
S6	3	2
S7	3	3
S8	3	3
S9	1	1
S10	1	1
S11	2	3
S12	1	1

SPOOL TYPE	CURVE		
	P→A	P→B	
S17	1	1	
S18	1	.1	
S19	- 1	1	
S20	4	4	
S21	4	4	
S22	5	4	
S23	4	5	
TA, TB	1	1	
TA02, TB02	1	1	
TA23, TB23	1	1	
RK	1	1	
RK02	1	1	
RK1, 1RK	1	1	

#### 6.2 - DSA5



SPOOL TYPE	CURVE		
	P→A	P→B	
S1,SA1,SB1	1	1	
S2, SA2, SB2	1	_ 1	
S3, SA3, SB3	3 *	3.	
S4, SA4, SB4	4	4	
S5			
S6			
S7		į.	
S8			
S9			
S10			
S11			
S12			

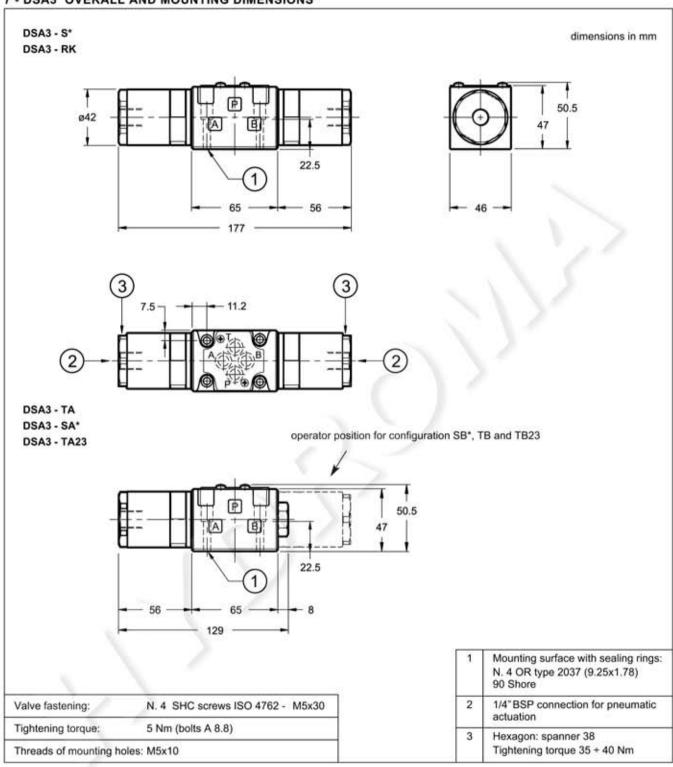
SPOOL TYPE	CURVE		
	P→A	P→B	
S17			
S18			
S19			
S20			
S21			
S22			
S23			
TA, TB	2.	2.	
TA02, TB02			
TA23, TB23			
RK			
RK02			
RK1, 1RK			

<sup>\*</sup> NOTE: for spools S3 and TA, the curve has been obtained with a min. piloting pressure of 4,5 bar. If the minimum piloting pressure used is 5,5 bar, refer to the curve n° 1 (320 bar - 120 l/min).

NOTE: The values indicated in the graphs are relevant to the standard valve. The operating limits can be considerably reduced if a 4-way valve is used with port A or B plugged or without flow.

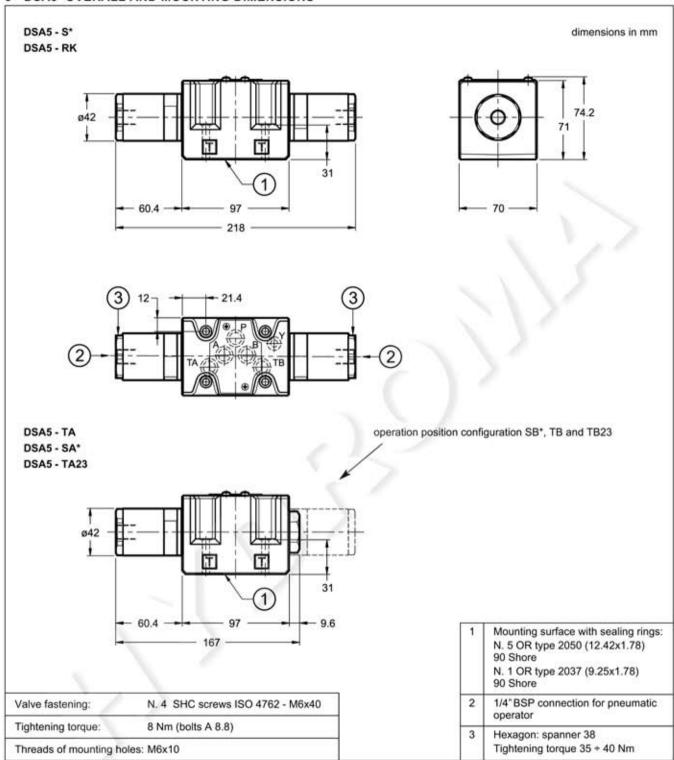
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#### 7 - DSA3 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



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#### 8 - DSA5 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

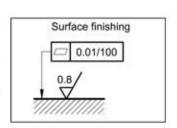


#### 9 - INSTALLATION

Configurations with centering and return springs can be mounted in any position; type RK valves - without springs and with mechanical detent - must be mounted with the longitudinal axis horizontal.

Valve fixing is by means of screws or tie rods, with the valve mounted on a lapped surface, with values of planarity and smoothness that are equal to or better than those indicated in the drawing.

If the minimum values of planarity and/or smoothness are not met, fluid leakage between valve and mounting surface can easily occur.



## 10 - SUBPLATES (see catalogue 51 000)

	DSA3	DSA5
Type with rear ports	PMMD-AI3G	PMD4-Al4G - 3/4" BSP threaded
Type with side ports	PMMD-AL3G	PMD4-AL4G - 1/2" BSP threaded
Threading of ports P, T, A and B	3/8" BSP	

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## DSA\*

